

**ARKA FINCAP LIMITED**

2504, 2505, 2506, 25<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR, ONE LODHA PLACE, LODHA WORLD TOWERS  
SENAPATI BAPAT MARG, LOWER PAREL, MUMBAI - 400013

2026

# Related Party Transactions Policy

POLICY DOCUMENT – 024

## Related Party Transactions Policy

Action	Entity	Signature
Created by	Secretarial Team	
Approved by	Audit and Compliance Committee and Board of Directors	
Version	4.0	

Version No.	Particulars	Details
1	Original Policy approved by Board	-
2	Amendment(s) to Policy	The Related Party Transaction Policy has been amended to align it with the requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The amended Policy will be effective from March 6, 2023.
3	Changes on account of Annual Review	To align the policy with regulatory changes and amendments.
4	Changes on account of Annual Review	To make the changes including aligning the policy with regulatory changes and amendments.

# Arka Fincap Limited

Version No. 4.0, Approved on January 27, 2026

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**I. BACKGROUND:**

The Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 (the “**Act**”) contains specific provisions relating to Related Party Transactions (“**RPTs**”). Further, in terms of Regulation 62K of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“**SEBI Regulations**”), every high value debt listed company is required to formulate a policy on materiality of related party transactions including clear threshold limits on dealing with related party transactions.

This policy is to regulate transactions between the Company and its Related Parties based on terms of applicable laws and regulations to the Company including the Act and SEBI Regulations.

**II. DEFINITIONS:****1. “Key Managerial Person” in relation to a Company, means:**

- (i) the Chief Executive Officer or the managing director or the manager;
- (ii) the company secretary;
- (iii) the whole-time director;
- (iv) the Chief Financial Officer;
- (v) such other officer, not more than one level below the directors who is in whole-time employment, designated as key managerial personnel by the Board; and
- (vi) such other officer as may be prescribed;

**2. “Material Related Party Transactions” shall have the same meaning as defined under regulation 62K(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, which is as under:**

A transaction with a related party shall be considered material, if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds Rs. 1000 Crore or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements of the Company, whichever is lower.

Notwithstanding the above, a transaction involving payments made to a related party with respect to brand usage or royalty shall be considered material if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceed 5% of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity.

**3. “Related Party” shall have the same meaning assigned to it under the Act and SEBI Regulations, as amended from time to time.****4. “Related party Transaction” means a transaction involving a transfer of resources, services or obligations between:**

- (i) the Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand and a related party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand; or
- (ii) the Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand, and any other person or entity on the other hand, the purpose and effect of which is to benefit a related party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;

regardless of whether a price is charged and a “transaction” with a related party shall be construed to include a single transaction or a group of transactions in a contract.

Provided that the following shall not be a related party transaction:

- (a) the issue of specified securities on a preferential basis, subject to compliance of the requirements under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- (b) the following corporate actions which are uniformly applicable/offered to all shareholders in proportion to their shareholding:
  - (i) payment of dividend;
  - (ii) subdivision or consolidation of securities;
  - (iii) issuance of securities by way of a rights issue or a bonus issue; and
  - (iv) buy-back of securities;
- (c) acceptance of fixed deposits by the Company at the terms uniformly applicable/offered to all shareholders/public, subject to disclosure of the same along with the disclosure of related party transactions every six months to the stock exchange(s), in the format as specified by the Board;
- (d) acceptance of current account deposits and saving account deposits by banks in compliance with the directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India or any other central bank in the relevant jurisdiction from time to time:

Explanation: For the purpose of clauses (c) and (d) above, acceptance of deposits includes payment of interest thereon;
- (e) retail purchases from the Company or its subsidiary by the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or its subsidiary, and relatives of such directors or Key Managerial Personnel, without establishing a business relationship and at the terms which are uniformly applicable/offered to all employees and Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and relatives of Directors or Key Managerial Personnel.

5. **“Subsequent Material Modifications”** means any modification, either individually or taken together with any previous modifications, made in the nature, value / exposure, or other terms and conditions of any existing Related Party Transactions having variance of (+)/(-) 25% or more in value of the already approved original transaction or such other modifications as may be decided by the Audit Committee.

Any other term not defined herein shall have the same meaning as defined in the Act, SEBI Regulations or any other law or regulation as applicable to the Company.

### III. **PROCEDURE:**

## **1. Disclosure by Directors/Key Managerial Personnel (KMP):**

The Company to obtain the information from Directors/Key Managerial Person as required under the Act and SEBI Regulations to enable the Company to maintain a list of Related Parties. The list of Related Parties shall be updated based on the disclosures received from the Directors/Key Managerial Persons (and their relatives) of the Company.

Every Director and KMP shall make an annual disclosure as required under Section 184(1) of the Act read with applicable rules made there under as may be amended from time to time.

Director, Key Managerial Personnel and other persons or entities, if any identified by the Company Secretary, shall submit updated disclosures as and when there is a change in already submitted disclosures.

## **2. Identification of Transactions with Related Parties:**

The Company Secretary will circulate the list of Related Parties to the concerned department to identify any proposed transaction with a related party.

## **3. Approval of Audit and Compliance Committee:**

Prior approval of the Audit and Compliance Committee shall be required for all the Related Party Transactions and any subsequent modification(s) to the Related Party Transactions earlier approved by the Audit Committee, unless exempted under the Act and SEBI Regulations. Provided that only those members of the Audit and Compliance Committee, who are independent directors, shall approve related party transactions.

To review a Related Party Transaction which requires approval of the Audit Committee, the Audit Committee will be provided with all relevant information including the information as required under the Act, SEBI Regulations and various circulars issued by SEBI from time to time to assist it in deciding whether or not to approve the transaction.

In case of any transactions with related parties, other than transactions referred to in Section 188 of the Act and where Audit and Compliance Committee does not approve the transactions it shall make its recommendations to the Board.

## **4. Omnibus Approval by Audit and Compliance Committee:**

Audit committee may grant omnibus approval in accordance with the provisions of Rule 6A of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 62K of the SEBI Regulations for Related Party Transactions which are repetitive in nature and proposed to be entered into by the Company subject to the following conditions, namely:

- (a) The Audit Committee subject to the approval by the Board of Directors shall lay down the criteria for granting the omnibus approval on related party transactions

including the maximum value of the transactions, in aggregate, which can be allowed under the omnibus route in a year and the maximum value per transaction which can be allowed.

- (b) The Audit Committee shall satisfy itself regarding the need for such omnibus approval and that such approval is in the interest of the Company;
- (c) The omnibus approval shall specify the details including the name(s) of the related party, nature of transaction, period of transaction, maximum amount of transactions that shall be entered into, the indicative base price/current contracted price and the formula for variation in the price if any and such other conditions as the Audit Committee may deem fit.  
Provided, where the need for Related Party Transaction cannot be foreseen and aforesaid details are not available, Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for such transactions subject to their value not exceeding Rs. 1 Crore per transaction.
- (d) Omnibus approval not to be provided for major / strategic nature transactions including selling or disposing of the undertaking of the Company.
- (e) Audit Committee while specifying the criteria for granting omnibus approval shall also consider the repetitiveness of the transaction (in past or in future) and justification for the need of omnibus approval.
- (f) Such omnibus approvals shall be valid for a period not exceeding 1 financial year and shall require fresh approvals after the expiry of 1 financial year.
- (g) the Audit Committee shall review, at least on a quarterly basis, the details of Related Party Transactions entered into by the Company pursuant to each of the omnibus approvals given.

## **5. No-Objection Certificate from the Debenture Trustee and Debenture Holder:**

All material related party transactions and subsequent material modifications shall require prior No-Objection Certificate from the Debenture Trustee and the Debenture Trustee shall in turn obtain No-Objection from the debenture holders who are not related to the Company and hold atleast more than 51% of the debentures in value, on the basis of voting including e-voting.

Explanation (1): — If the No-Objection Certificate has been withheld, the matter shall not be taken forward for shareholders' consideration.

Explanation (2): — This No-Objection Certificate from Debenture Trustee and debenture holders shall be obtained in respect of listed debt securities issued on or after April 01, 2025:

Provided that in case of outstanding listed debt securities as on March 31, 2025, No-Objection Certificate from Debenture Trustee and debenture holders shall not be required for existing or prospective material related party transactions.

## **6. Approval of Board of Directors:**

Transactions with related parties falling under the purview of Section 188 of the Act read with the rules framed thereunder and are neither in ordinary course of business nor

at arm's length basis shall require prior approval of the Board of Directors of the Company after the approval of the Audit and Compliance Committee.

All Material Related Party Transactions and subsequent Material Modifications to the Material Related Party Transactions in terms of SEBI Regulations shall require prior approval of the Board of Directors.

Where any Director/member of the Audit and Compliance Committee, whether directly or indirectly, is concerned or interested in a related party transaction in terms of the provisions of Section 184 of the Act, such Director / member of the Audit and Compliance Committee, shall disclose the nature of his concern or interest and shall not be present at the meeting during discussions on such transactions.

## **7. Approval of the Shareholders:**

After obtaining approval of the debenture holders, all Material Related Party Transactions pursuant to SEBI Regulations and subsequent Material Modifications to such related party transactions, (unless exempted under SEBI Regulations), earlier approved by the shareholders of the Company shall require prior approval of the shareholders through resolution.

However, the requirement specified above shall not apply in respect of a resolution plan approved under section 31 of the Insolvency Code, subject to the event being disclosed to the recognized stock exchanges within one day of the resolution plan being approved.

All related party transactions (other than transactions between the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary(ies) and/or transactions exempted under the Act) in terms of Section 188 of the Act which are not in the ordinary course of business and are not at 'arm's length' and which cross the threshold limits prescribed under the Act shall also require approval of shareholders of the Company through a resolution and no member of the Company shall vote on such resolution to approve any transaction which may be entered into by the Company, if such member is a related party.

Explanatory statement to be annexed to the notice of a general meeting convened shall contain such particulars as required under the Act and SEBI Regulations.

## **IV. Review of Policy**

This Policy shall be reviewed by the board of directors as and when required but at least once in every 3 years and updated accordingly.

In case any amendments, clarifications, circulars and guidelines as issued by the regulatory body(ies)/authority(ies) and such amendments, clarifications, circulars and guidelines are not consistent with the requirements specified under this Policy, then the provisions of such amendments, clarifications, circulars and the guidelines shall prevail and accordingly this Policy shall stand amended effective from the date as laid down under such amendments, clarifications, circulars and guidelines.

## **V. Disclosure**

Appropriate disclosures as required by the Act, SEBI Regulations and Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Financial Statements: Presentation and Disclosures) Directions, 2025 to be made in the Annual Return, Board's Report and the annual audited financial statements of the Company.

The Company to submit to the stock exchanges disclosures of related party transactions in the format as specified by SEBI from time to time and publish the same on its website. The said disclosures to be submitted along with the financial results for the half year.

This Policy shall be disclosed on the website and also in the Annual Report of the Company